26 NCAC 03 .0105  DUTIES OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE

In conjunction with the powers of administrative law judges prescribed by G.S. 150B-33 and G.S. 150B-34, the administrative law judge shall perform the following duties, consistent with law:

1. Hear and rule on motions;
2. Grant or deny continuances;
3. Issue orders regarding prehearing matters, including directing the appearance of the parties at a prehearing conference;
4. Examine witnesses when deemed necessary to make a complete record and to aid in the full development of material facts in the case;
5. Make preliminary, interlocutory, or other orders as deemed appropriate;
6. Grant dismissal when the case or any part thereof has become moot or for other reasons;
7. Order the State of North Carolina, when it is the losing party as determined by the presiding Administrative Law Judge, to reimburse the filing fee to the petitioner; and
8. Apply sanctions in accordance with Rule .0114 of this Section.

History Note:  Authority G.S. 7A-751(a); 8C-1, Rule 614; 150B-23.2; 150B-33; 150B-34; Eff. August 1, 1986; Amended Eff. April 1, 2001; February 1, 1994; November 1, 1987; Emergency Amendment Eff. October 1, 2009; Temporary Amendment Eff. December 1, 2009; Amended Eff. October 1, 2010; Temporary Amendment Eff. January 1, 2012; Amended Eff. November 1, 2012; Pursuant to G.S. 150B-21.3A, rule is necessary without substantive public interest Eff. July 23, 2016.